

Sowjetische und russische Zeitungs- und Zeitschriftenarchive (Russisch und Englisch)

Pravda Digital Archive (1912-1913; 1918-2009)

Link: <https://dlib.eastview.com/browse/publication/9305>

Die „Pravda“ war das offizielle und wichtigste Publikationsorgan des Zentralkomitees der Kommunistischen Partei der Sowjetunion, weshalb in der „Pravda“ grundlegende Direktiven der Parteiführung und Reden der führenden Politiker*innen oftmals erstveröffentlicht wurden.



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Q Within Publication ▾

All Sources > Pravda Digital Archive (DA-PRA) > Pravda

ARCHIVE

1912

1913

1918

1919

1920

PRAVDA

KOMMUNISTICHESKAIA PARTIIA ROSSIISKOI FEDERATSII

Pravda ("Truth") was the official voice of Soviet communism and the Central Committee of the Communist Party between 1918 and 1991. Founded in 1912 in St. Petersburg, *Pravda* originated as an underground daily workers' newspaper, and it soon became the main newspaper of the revolutionary wing of the Russian socialist movement. Throughout the Soviet era, party members were obligated to read *Pravda*. Today, *Pravda* still remains the official organ of the Communist Party of the Russian Federation, an important political faction in contemporary Russian politics.



Izvestiia Digital Archive (1917-2011)

Link: <https://dlib.eastview.com/browse/publication/11265/udb/1019#/>

Die „Izvestija“, das Organ der Regierungsorgane der UdSSR, war nach der „Pravda“ die wichtigste sowjetische Tageszeitung. In den ersten Jahren der Sowjetunion besass sie sogar eine mehr als doppelt so hohe Auflage wie die „Pravda“. Die „Izvestija“ galt als seriöse Zeitung, die u.a. in intellektuellen und akademischen Kreisen gerne gelesen wurde.

ARCHIVE

1917

1918

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1922

1923

1924

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IZVESTIIA

OBSHCHENATSIONAL'NAIA GAZETA

Among the longest-running Russian newspapers, *Izvestiia* was founded in March 1917 and during the Soviet period was the official organ of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR. Remarkable for its serious and balanced treatment of subject matter, *Izvestiia* has traditionally been a popular news source within intellectual and academic circles.

The database contains Federal and Moscow editions of *Izvestiia*. The Moscow issues are marked with a letter "m" after each issue number.

All issues and pages of *Izvestiia* originally obtained by East View have been loaded to the *Izvestiia* Digital Archive.

East View Information Services has acquired issues to complete this archive from a variety of sources, and represents the best known copy available. However, a few select issues are still missing, as has been noted on the appropriate archive pages. If your library has these issues and is willing to make them available, please contact online@eastview.com.



Literaturnaia Gazeta Digital Archive (1929-2011)

Link: https://dlib.eastview.com/browse/publication/19046/udb/1310#

Die Wochenzeitung „Literaturnaia gazeta“ berichtete ab 1929 insbesondere über das kulturelle Leben aber auch über politische und gesellschaftliche Themen. Sie galt als offene und im Rahmen des Möglichen kritische Zeitung, in der in der zweiten Hälfte des 20. Jahrhunderts viele der wichtigsten sowjetischen Schriftsteller*innen publizierten.

ARCHIVE
1929
1930
1931
1932
1933
1934
1935

LITERATURNAIA GAZETA

SVOBODNAIA TRIBUNA PISATELEI

Established on April 22, 1929 with the support of the "father of Soviet literature," writer Maxim Gorky, *Literaturnaia gazeta* is a landmark publication in Russia's cultural heritage. With its focus on literary and intellectual life, *Literaturnaia gazeta* allowed Soviet Russia's preeminent authors, poets, and cultural figures a particular podium for commentary, affording perhaps fewer restrictions than might be possible in other publications. *Literaturnaia gazeta* was considered the most open among newspapers of the Soviet era, and it remains popular among the intelligentsia in today's Russia.

Publication of Literaturnaia gazeta was completely suspended in 1942 and 1943, and no issues were produced. In 1944, only 8 issues were published. The lack of database content for this period is not a gap, but reflects the publication schedule during these challenging years.



Moscow News Digital Archive (1930-2014)

Link: https://dlib.eastview.com/browse/publication/81385/udb/2990#

Die „Moscow News“ ist die älteste englischsprachige Zeitung Russlands und diente viele Jahre vor allem sowjetischen Propagandazwecken. In den 1980er Jahren wurde sie dann zu einer der ersten Zeitungen, in der Themen wie die Schauprozesse der 1930er Jahre oder das Massaker von Katyn offen angesprochen wurden. Die Berichterstattung der Moscow News bietet weiter wichtige Einblicke in die Transitionsphase und die ersten postsowjetischen Jahre.

ARCHIVE
1930
1931
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MOSCOW NEWS DIGITAL ARCHIVE

INTERNATIONAL WEEKLY

Moscow News (pub. 1930-2014) was the oldest English-language newspaper in Russia and, arguably, the newspaper with the longest democratic history. From a mouthpiece of the Communist party to an influential advocate for social and political change, the pages of *Moscow News* reflect the shifting ideological, political, social and economic currents that have swept through the Soviet Union and Russia in the last century.

In its early years, *Moscow News* largely served as yet another weapon in the Soviet Union's propaganda arsenal. However, starting in the 1980s, *Moscow News* flourished into an influential independent resource and a strong proponent of Gorbachev's policies of glasnost and perestroika. The newspaper became a platform for advocates of radical reform, as well as a forum for discussing traditionally taboo subjects, such as the repressions and show trials of the 1930s, the Katyn massacre of Polish officers by Soviets (not Germans), and more. Its reputation for critical, independent reporting makes *Moscow News* a valuable resource for understanding the tumultuous years surrounding the collapse of the Soviet Union, and the new challenges facing Russia in the Putin era.



Soviet Woman Digital Archive (1945-1991)

Link: <https://dlib.eastview.com/browse/publication/99106>

„Soviet Woman“ war eine englischsprachige (Monats-)Zeitschrift, die zwischen 1945 und 1991 vom Sowjetischen Antifaschistischen Frauenkomitee und dem Zentralrat der Gewerkschaften der Sowjetunion herausgegeben worden ist. „Soviet Woman“ beleuchtete die Lebenswelten sowjetischer Frauen und erlaubt trotz seines Propagandacharakters mit seinen zahlreichen Illustrationen einen interessanten Einblick in die sowjetische Gesellschafts- und Alltagsgeschichte von der Nachkriegszeit bis zum Ende der Sowjetunion.

ARCHIVE
1945
1946
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1949
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SOVIET WOMAN

Established in the aftermath of the WWII in 1945, the magazine Soviet Woman proclaimed on the cover of its first issue its fundamental mission: "A magazine devoted to social and political problems, literature and art..." Published initially under the aegis of the Soviet Women's Anti-Fascist Committee and the Central Council of Trade Unions of the USSR, it began as a bimonthly illustrated magazine tasked with countering anti-Soviet propaganda by introducing Western audiences to the lifestyle of Soviet women, their role in the post-WWII rebuilding of the Soviet economy, praising their achievements in the arts and the sciences. Originally published simultaneously in Russian, English, German and French, the magazine went on to add more foreign language editions aiming to reach even wider audiences both in the West and elsewhere to balance the Western narrative about the Soviet Union in these countries with a pro-Soviet ideological counterweight.

Over the years the magazine developed regular sections covering issues dealing with economics, politics, life abroad, life in Soviet republics, women's fashion, as well as broader issues in culture and the arts. One of its most popular features was the translations of Soviet literary works, making available in English, (and other languages)



Current digest of the Soviet Press / Russian Press (1949-heute)

Link: <https://dlib.eastview.com/browse/publication/6765#/>

„Current Digest of the Soviet Press“ wurde 1949 gegründet und präsentiert wöchentlich neue englische Übersetzungen von Artikeln aus der sowjetischen und später russischen Presse (mit allen Angaben zum Originaltext). Die Datenbank trug von 1992 bis 2011 den Namen „The Current Digest of the Post-Soviet Press“, heute heisst sie „The Current Digest of the Russian Press“. Sie ist eine hervorragende Quelle sowohl für die historische Forschung als auch für Arbeiten zum heutigen Russland und ist auch für Benutzer*innen ohne Russischkenntnisse zugänglich

ARCHIVE
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1957

CURRENT DIGEST OF THE RUSSIAN PRESS, THE

Founded in 1949, the Current Digest was first published as *The Current Digest of the Soviet Press* (1949-1991), followed by *The Current Digest of the Post-Soviet Press* (1992-2010), and now *The Current Digest of the Russian Press*. Each week the Current Digest presents a selection of Russian-language press materials, carefully translated into English. The translations are intended for use in teaching and research. They are therefore presented as documentary materials without elaboration or comment, and state the opinions and views of the original authors, not of the publisher of the journal.

For full-image content, please note that users of Internet Explorer 7.0 will have the option of enlarging image content by using the browser's zoom feature (Ctrl+ +, or by clicking the zoom control in the bottom-right corner of your IE7 browser).

A special note on transliteration in The Current Digest



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